

Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A projection optical system that projects an image ~~on~~of a first ~~side~~plane onto a second plane via a plurality of lenses, comprising:

a first lens group arranged in an optical path between the first ~~side~~plane and the second plane and having a negative refractive power;

a second lens group arranged in the optical path between the first lens group and the second plane and having a positive refractive power;

a third lens group arranged in the optical path between the second lens group and the second plane;

a fourth lens group arranged in the optical path between the third lens group and the second plane; and

a fifth lens group arranged in the optical path between the fourth lens group and the second plane and having a positive refractive power;

wherein, in a direction from the first plane side toward the second plane, ~~an~~ a clear aperture of a lens surface or an outer diameter of a lens in the projection optical system increases in the first lens group, changes from increasing to decreasing in the second lens group, changes from decreasing to increasing in the third lens group, and monotonically decreases in the fifth lens group, and

wherein a condition

$$1.7 < Mx2/Mn3 < 4$$

is satisfied, wherein Mx2 is ~~an~~ a clear aperture of a lens surface having the largest clear aperture, or outer diameter of a lens having the largest outer diameter, in the second lens group, and Mn3 is ~~an~~ a clear aperture of a lens surface having the smallest clear aperture, or an

outer diameter of a lens having the smallest outer diameter, in the third lens group, and wherein at least one lens of the plurality of lenses is held such that at least one of a position and an orientation is adjustable, and

a numerical aperture of the second plane of the projection optical system is equal to or more than 0.8.

2. (Original) The projection optical system according to claim 1, further comprising an aperture stop positioned between the third lens group and the second plane.

3. (Currently Amended) A projection optical system that projects an image ~~on~~^{of} a first ~~sideplane~~ onto a second plane via a plurality of lenses, comprising:

a first lens group arranged in an optical path between the first ~~sideplane~~ and the second plane and having a negative refractive power;

a second lens group arranged in the optical path between the first lens group and the second plane and having a positive refractive power;

a third lens group arranged in the optical path between the second lens group and the second plane and having a negative refractive power;

a fourth lens group arranged in the optical path between the third lens group and the second plane; and

a fifth lens group arranged in the optical path between the fourth lens group and the second plane and having a positive refractive power;

wherein ~~an~~^a clear aperture of a lens surface or an outer diameter of a lens of second through fourth lenses from the first plane side among the plurality of lenses in the projection optical system monotonically increases;

wherein, in a direction from the first plane side toward the second plane, ~~an~~^a clear aperture of a lens surface or an outer diameter of a lens in the projection optical system changes from increasing to decreasing in the second lens group, changes from decreasing to

increasing in the third lens group, and monotonically decreases in the fifth lens group;

wherein a condition

$$0.77 < M_{n4}/M_{x4} < 1$$

is satisfied, wherein M_{x4} is ~~an~~ a clear aperture of a lens surface having the largest clear aperture, or an outer diameter of a lens having the largest outer diameter, in the fourth lens group, and M_{n4} is ~~an~~ a clear aperture of a lens surface having the smallest clear aperture, or an outer diameter of a lens having the smallest outer diameter, in the fourth lens group;

wherein at least one lens of the plurality of lenses is held such that at least one of a position and an orientation is adjustable; and

a numerical aperture on the second plane of the projection optical system is equal to or more than 0.8.

4. (Original) The projection optical system of claim 3, further including an aperture stop positioned between the third lens group and the second plane.

5. (Currently Amended) A projection optical system that projects an image ~~on~~ of a first ~~sideplane~~ onto a second plane via a plurality of lenses, comprising:

a first lens group arranged in an optical path between the first ~~sideplane~~ and the second plane and having a negative refractive power;

a second lens group arranged in the optical path between the first lens group and the second group and having a positive refractive power;

a third lens group arranged in the optical path between the second lens group and the second plane and having a negative refractive power;

a fourth lens group arranged in the optical path between the third lens group and the second plane and having an aperture stop in the optical path; and

a fifth lens group arranged in the optical path between the fourth lens group

and the second plane and having a positive refractive power;

wherein, ~~an~~ clear aperture of a lens surface of the plurality of lenses or an outer diameter of the plurality of lenses in the projection optical system has a relative maximum in the second lens group, becomes minimum in the third lens group, and a relative maximum in the third-fifth lens groups, and has only one significant minimum between the first sideplane and the second plane,

wherein at least one lens of the plurality of lenses is held such that at least one of a position and an orientation is adjustable, and

a numerical aperture on the second plane of the projection optical system is equal to or more than 0.8.

6. (Currently Amended) The projection optical system of claim 5, wherein a lens arranged closest to the first plane side among air lenses formed by the plurality of lenses in the projection optical system has a bi-convex shape.

7. (Currently Amended) The projection optical system of claim 6, wherein a condition

$$1.7 < Mx2/Mn3 < 4$$

is satisfied, wherein Mx2 is ~~in an~~ clear aperture of a lens surface having the largest clear aperture, or an outer diameter of a lens having the largest outer diameter, in the second lens group, and Mn3 is ~~an~~ clear aperture of a lens surface having the smallest clear aperture, or an outer diameter of a lens having the smallest outer diameter, in the third lens group.

8. (Currently Amended) The projection optical system of claim 7, wherein a condition

$$0.77 < Mn4/Mx4 < 1$$

is satisfied, wherein Mx4 is ~~in an~~ clear aperture of a lens surface having the largest clear aperture, or an outer diameter of a lens having the largest outer diameter, in the fourth lens

group, and Mn4 is ~~in an~~ clear aperture of a lens surface having the smallest clear aperture, or an outer diameter of a lens having the smallest outer diameter, in the fourth lens group.

9. (Original) The projection optical system of claim 8, wherein, at least one lens of each of the first to fourth lens groups is held such that at least one of a position and an orientation is adjustable.

10. (Currently Amended) The projection optical system of claim 9, wherein at least one lens positioned between the first plane and the lens surface having the smallest clear aperture, or the lens having the smallest outer diameter, in the ~~first side, and the third lens~~ group, and at least one lens positioned between the second plane and the lens surface having the smallest clear aperture, or the lens having the smallest outer diameter, in the ~~second plane, and the third lens~~ group, are held such that at least one of a position and an orientation is adjustable.

11. (Currently Amended) The projection optical system of claim 10, wherein at least one lens positioned between the first plane and the lens surface having the smallest clear aperture, or the lens having the smallest outer diameter, in the ~~first side, and the third lens~~ group, and at least one lens positioned between the second plane and the lens surface having the smallest clear aperture, or the lens having the smallest outer diameter, in the ~~second plane, and the third lens~~ group, has a lens surface that is rotationally asymmetrical with respect to an optical axis and is held such that at least one of a position and an orientation is adjustable.

12. (Currently Amended) The projection optical system of claim 11, wherein at least one lens of the plurality of lenses in the projection optical system positioned closer to the first plane side than the aperture stop, and at least one lens of the plurality of lenses in the projection optical system positioned closer to the second plane than the aperture stop are held such that at least one of a position and an orientation is adjustable.

13. (Currently Amended) The projection optical system of claim 12, wherein at

least one lens of the plurality of lenses in the projection optical system positioned closer to the first plane side than the aperture stop, and at least one lens of the plurality of lenses in the projection optical system positioned closer to the second plane than the aperture stop, have a lens surface that is rotationally asymmetrical with respect to an optical axis, and are held such that at least one of a position and an orientation is adjustable.

14. (Original) The projection optical system of claim 13, wherein
the first lens group has at least one negative lens,
the second lens group has at least one negative lens and at least three positive lenses,

the third lens group has at least two negative lenses, and
the fifth lens group has at least four positive lenses.

15. (Original) The projection optical system of claim 14, wherein at least one lens of the plurality of lenses in the projection optical system has an aspherical shaped lens surface.

16. (Original) The projection optical system of claim 15, wherein the lens having the aspherical shaped lens surface is held such that at least one of a position and orientation is adjustable.

17. (Currently Amended) The projection optical system of claim 16, wherein the plurality of lenses in the projection optical system have at least a first aspherical lens having an aspherical lens surface, and a second aspherical lens having an aspherical lens surface, and
a condition

$$0.8 < D1/D2 < 1.2$$

is satisfied, wherein D1 is ~~ana~~ clear aperture of a lens surface or an outer diameter of the first aspherical lens, and D2 is ~~ana~~ clear aperture of a lens surface or an outer diameter of the second aspherical lens.

18. (Currently Amended) A projection exposure apparatus that projects and

exposes a pattern image provided on an original onto a workpiece, comprising:

a light source that supplies exposure light;

an illumination optical system that directs the exposure light from the light source to the pattern on the original; and

the projection optical system of claim 1,

wherein the original is positioned on the first sideplane, and the workpiece is positioned on the second plane.

19. (Currently Amended) A projection exposure apparatus that projects and exposes a pattern image provided on an original onto a workpiece, comprising:

a light source that provides exposure light;

an illumination optical system that directs the exposure light from the light source to the pattern on the original; and

the projection optical system of claim 3,

wherein the original is positioned on the first sideplane, and the workpiece is positioned on the second plane.

20. (Currently Amended) A projection exposure apparatus that projects and exposes a pattern image provided on an original onto a workpiece, comprising:

a light source that supplies exposure light;

an illumination optical system that directs the exposure light from the light source to the pattern on the original, and

the projection optical system of claim 5,

wherein the original is positioned on the first sideplane, and the workpiece is positioned on the second plane.

21. (Currently Amended) A projection exposure method for projecting and exposing a pattern image provided on an original onto a workpiece, comprising the steps of:

supplying exposure light;
directing the exposure light to the pattern on the original; and
projecting the pattern image on the original positioned on the first sideplane
onto the workpiece positioned on the second plane using the projection optical system of
claim 1.

22. (Currently Amended) A projection exposure method for projecting and
exposing a pattern image provided on an original to a workpiece, comprising the steps of:
supplying exposure light;
directing the exposure light to the pattern on the original; and
projecting the pattern image on the original positioned on the ~~second~~first plane
onto the workpiece positioned on the second plane using the projection optical system of
claim 3.

23. (Currently Amended) A projection exposure method for projecting and
exposing a pattern image provided on an original to a workpiece, comprising the steps of:
supplying exposure light;
directing the exposure light to the pattern on the original; and
projecting the pattern on the original positioned on the first sideplane onto the
workpiece positioned on the second plane using the projection optical system of claim 5.

24. (New) A projection optical system that projects an image of a first plane onto
a second plane via a plurality of lenses, comprising:

a first lens group arranged in an optical path between the first plane and the
second plane and having a negative refractive power;

a second lens group arranged in the optical path between the first lens group
and the second plane and having a positive refractive power;

a third lens group arranged in the optical path between the second lens group

and the second plane;

a fourth lens group arranged in the optical path between the third lens group and the second plane; and

a fifth lens group arranged in the optical path between the fourth lens group and the second plane and having a positive refractive power;

wherein at least one lens of the plurality of lenses is held such that at least one of a position and an orientation is adjustable; and

a numerical aperture on the second plane of the projection optical system is equal to or more than 0.8.

25. (New) A projection exposure system for generating, in an image plane, an image of a mask arranged in an object plane, with a light source emitting projection light and projection optics arranged between the mask and the image plane, wherein the following are arranged in a beam path of the projection optics, starting from the mask:

a) a first group of optical components having an overall positive refractive power;

b) a second group of optical components having an overall negative refractive power;

c) a third group of optical components having an overall positive refractive power;

d) a fourth group of optical components having an overall negative refractive power; and

e) a fifth group of optical components having an overall positive refractive power;

wherein:

f) at least a first optical subgroup, a second optical subgroup and a third optical subgroup each have at least one optical component that can be displaced along an optical axis of the projection optics;

g) the first optical subgroup comprises one of the mask and at least one optical component from the first group of optical components;

h) the second optical subgroup comprises at least one optical component from one of the second and third groups of optical components; and

i) the third optical subgroup comprises at least one optical component from one of the third and fourth groups of optical components.

26. (New) The projection exposure system according to claim 25, wherein the second optical subgroup is arranged next to the first group of optical components.

27. (New) The projection exposure system according to claim 25, further comprising an instrument for adjusting a wavelength.

28. (New) The projection exposure system according to claim 27, wherein the adjustment instrument includes means for altering an emission wavelength of the light source.

29. (New) The projection exposure system according to claim 25, wherein the optical components are refractive components.

30. (New) A projection exposure method for projecting and exposing a pattern image provided on a mask onto a workpiece, comprising the steps of:

supplying exposure light;

directing the exposure light to the pattern on the mask; and

projecting the pattern onto the workpiece using the projection exposure system of claim 25.